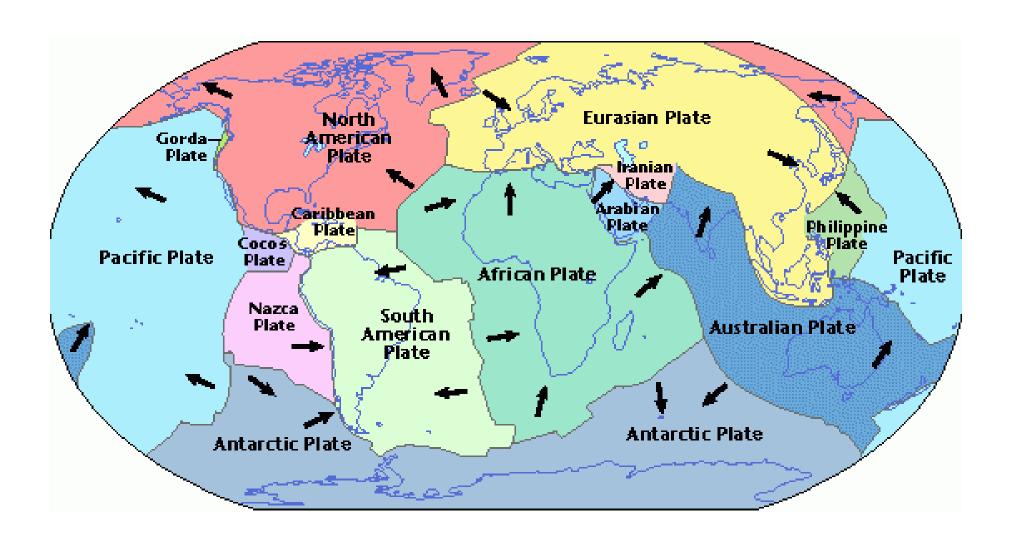
SEPTEMBER 7, 2017

- Get out ESPN Highlighters, pencil
- Plate Tectonics and Ring of Fire Notes
- HW: South America Map due Monday, Sept. 11
- Map Quiz Sept. 11

Plate Tectonics

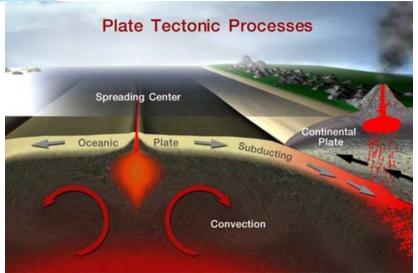


The Forces That Cause Plate Tectonics Image source: http://pubs.usgs.gov/publications/text/dynamic.html Ridge Lithosphere Trench "SLAB PULL" Trench Asthenosphere Mantle 700 km Outer core Inner core

Ring of Fire: A zone around the rim of the Pacific Ocean with the majority of active volcanoes and earthquakes in the world







Japan's Geographic Challenge

• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BhSeQxdJw1w&list=PLD985DC24042D71ED&index=18

Japan and the United States

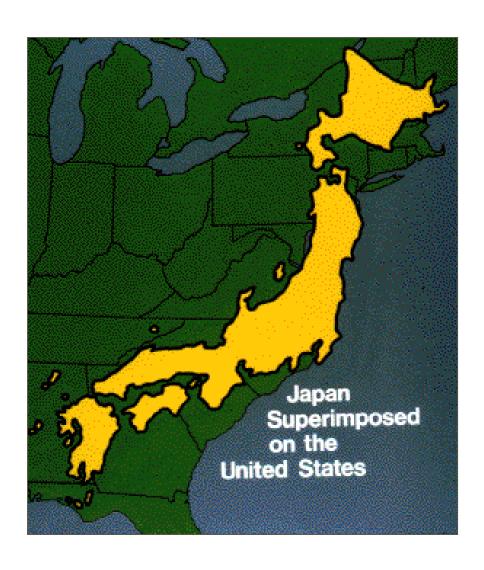
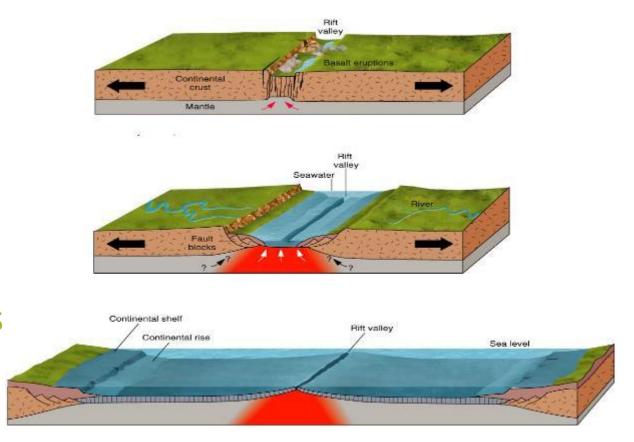


Plate Movements

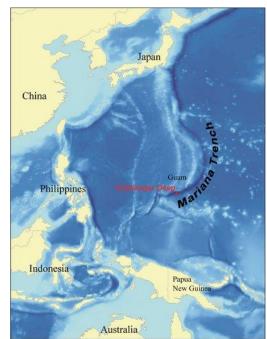
•<u>Divergent</u>
<u>Boundary:</u>
Plates spread
away from each
other. Creates a
rift where
magma from
the core spreads
up

Divergent = Divide



Divergent Boundary



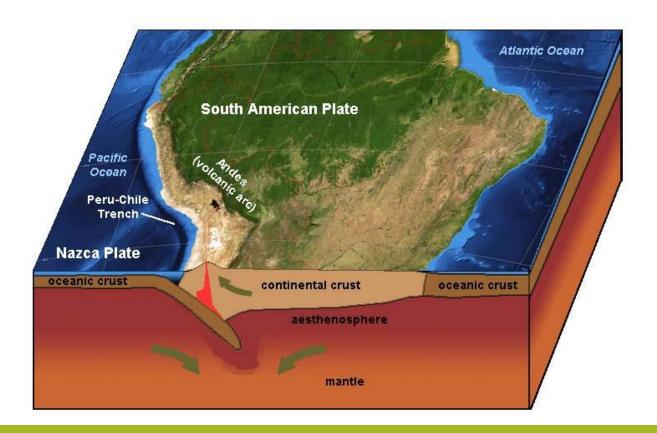






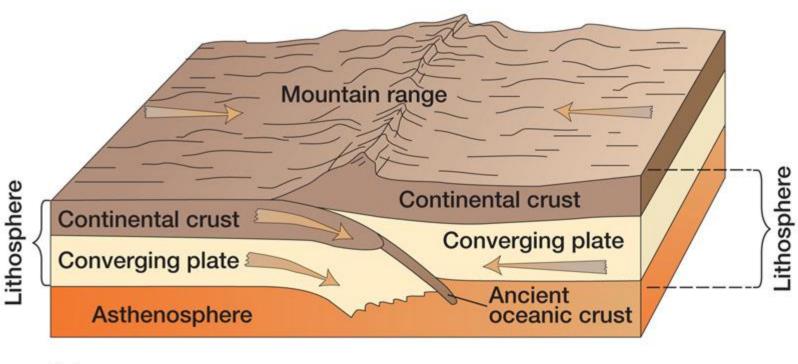
Convergent Boundary: When plates collide

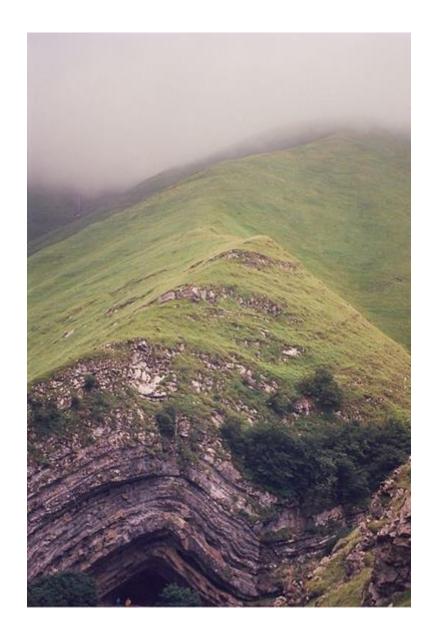
• <u>Convergent- Subduction Boundary</u>: When plates collide and one plate is forced under the other. As the bottom plate melts, magma rises and forms volcanoes.



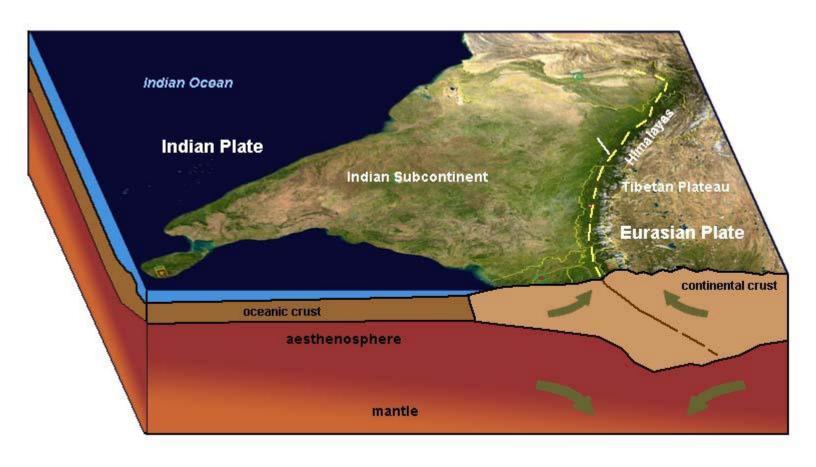
Convergent Boundary

- •<u>Convergent-Collision Boundary</u>: When plates collide an the plates buckle and fold
- creates mountain ridges



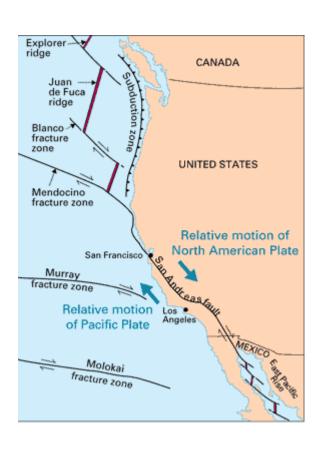


Convergent Collision



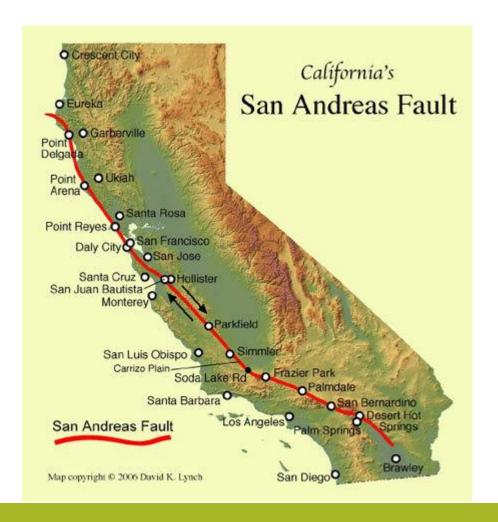
Transform Movement: When plates slide next to each other





Fault: fracture in the earth's crust



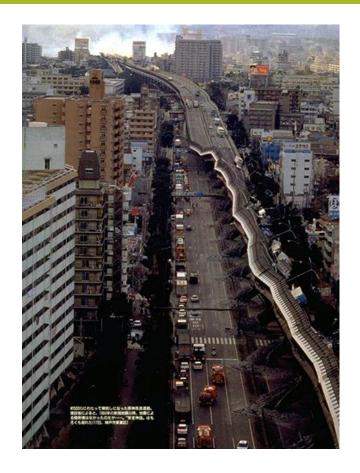


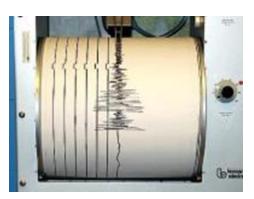
Earthquake

- Earthquake: Shaking causes by plates grinding against each other or colliding
- Epicenter: focus of earthquake
- Seismograph: device to detect earthquake
- Richter Scale: measures strength of earthquake

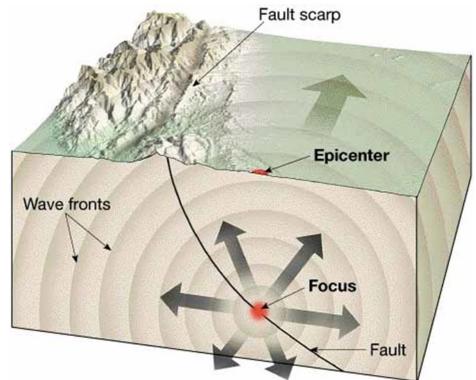
Description	Magnitude (Richter Scale)	Number Per Year	Approximate energy released (ergs)
Great Earthquake	over 8.0	1 to 2	$> 5.8 \times 10^{23}$
Major Earthquake	7.0 - 7.9	18	$2 - 42 \times 10^{22}$
Destructive Earthquake	6.0 - 6.9	120	8 - 150 x 10 ²⁰
Damaging Earthquake	5.0 - 5.9	800	3 - 55 x 10 ¹⁹
Minor Earthquake	4.0 - 4.9	6,200	1 - 20 x 10 ¹⁸
Smallest Usually Felt	3.0 - 3.9	49,000	4 - 72 x 10 ¹⁶
Detected But Not Felt	2.0 - 2.9	300,000	1 - 26 x 10 ¹⁵

Table 4. Worldwide Earthquakes. (Data from Table 10.1, Carla W. Montgomery, "Fundamentals of Geology," Wm. C. Brown, 1993 -- original data taken from Gutenberg and Richter, "Seismicity of the Earth and Associated Phenomena," Princeton University Press, 1954.)



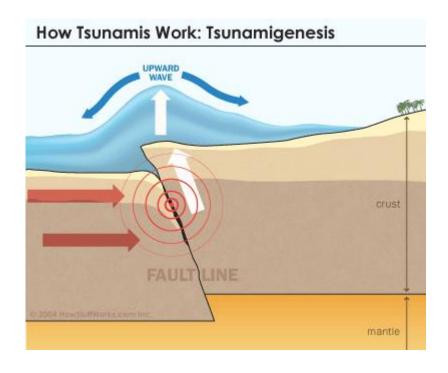


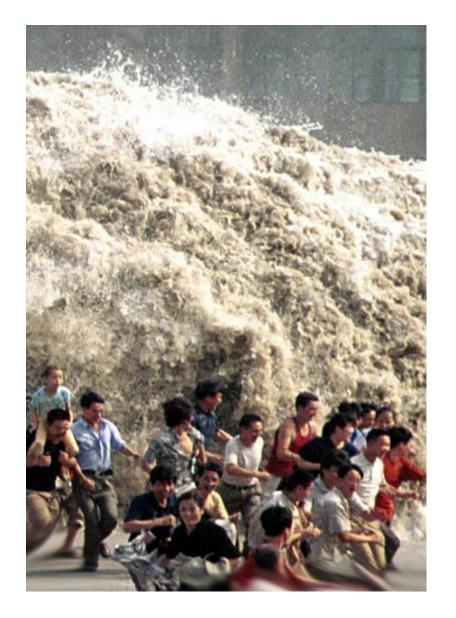




Tsunami

• Large wave caused by an earthquake





Japanese Tohoku Tsunami March 11, 2011

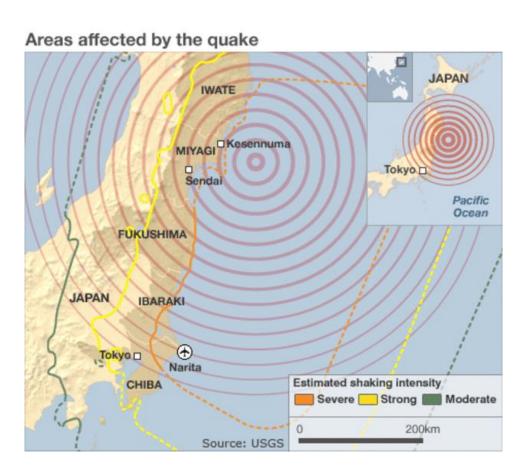
• 9.0 Earthquake off coast of Japan







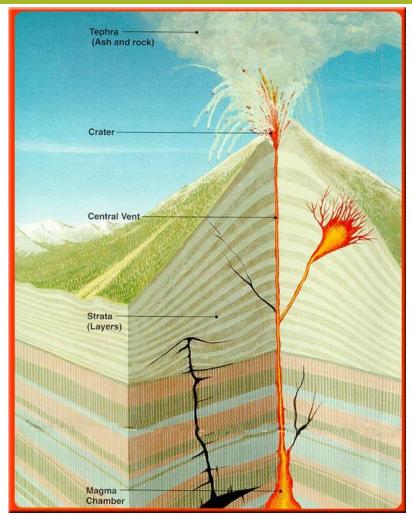
Japanese Tohoku Tsunami March 11, 2011



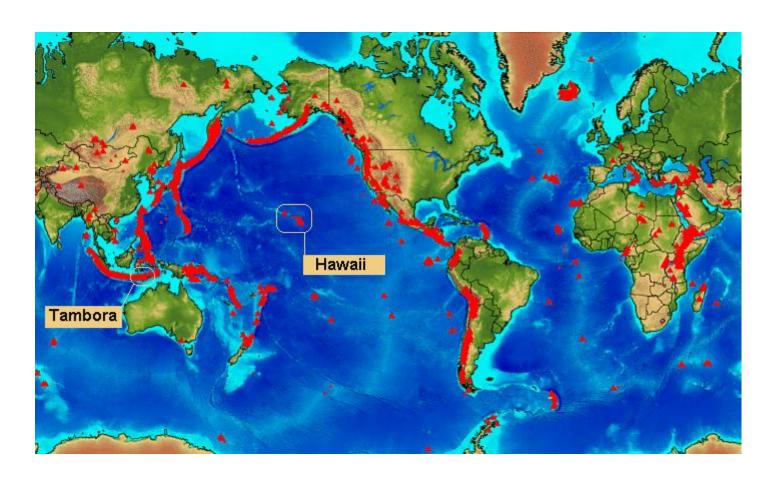
Volcanoes

- Magma seeps up through cracks in the surface
- Found along plate boundaries





Active Volcanoes in the World



Volcanic Eruption

- Hawaii: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=21bZxovBl9s
- Iceland Eruption: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k2wdy6hogQM