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# JANUARY 16, 2017

GET OUT STUFF FOR NOTES

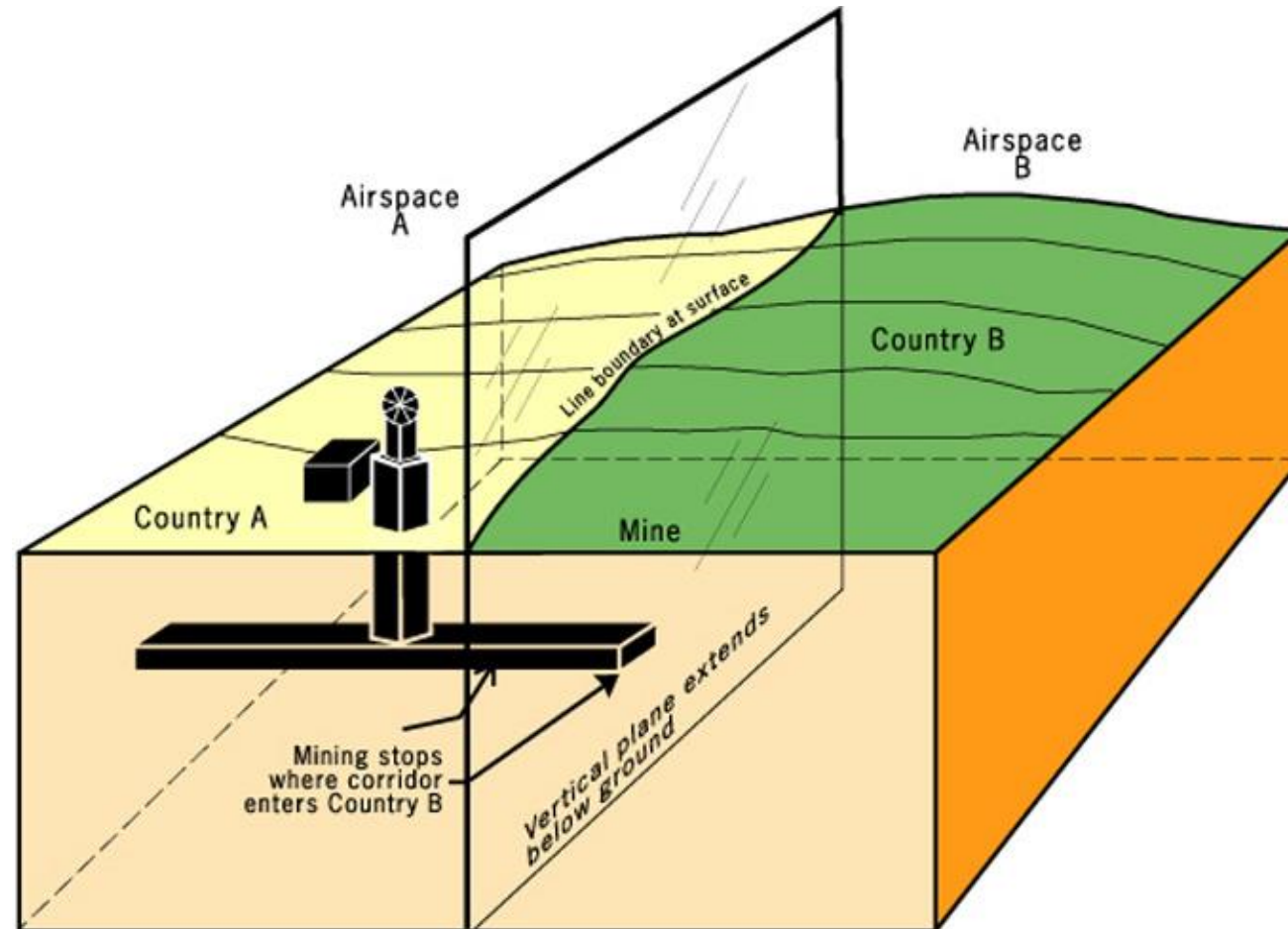
TYPES OF BORDERS

BORDER DISPUTES

# COMPLEX BORDERS AROUND THE WORLD

- Worldwide: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gtLxZiiuaXs&feature=kp>

**Boundary** – a vertical plane that cuts through the rocks below and the airspace above, dividing one state territory from another.



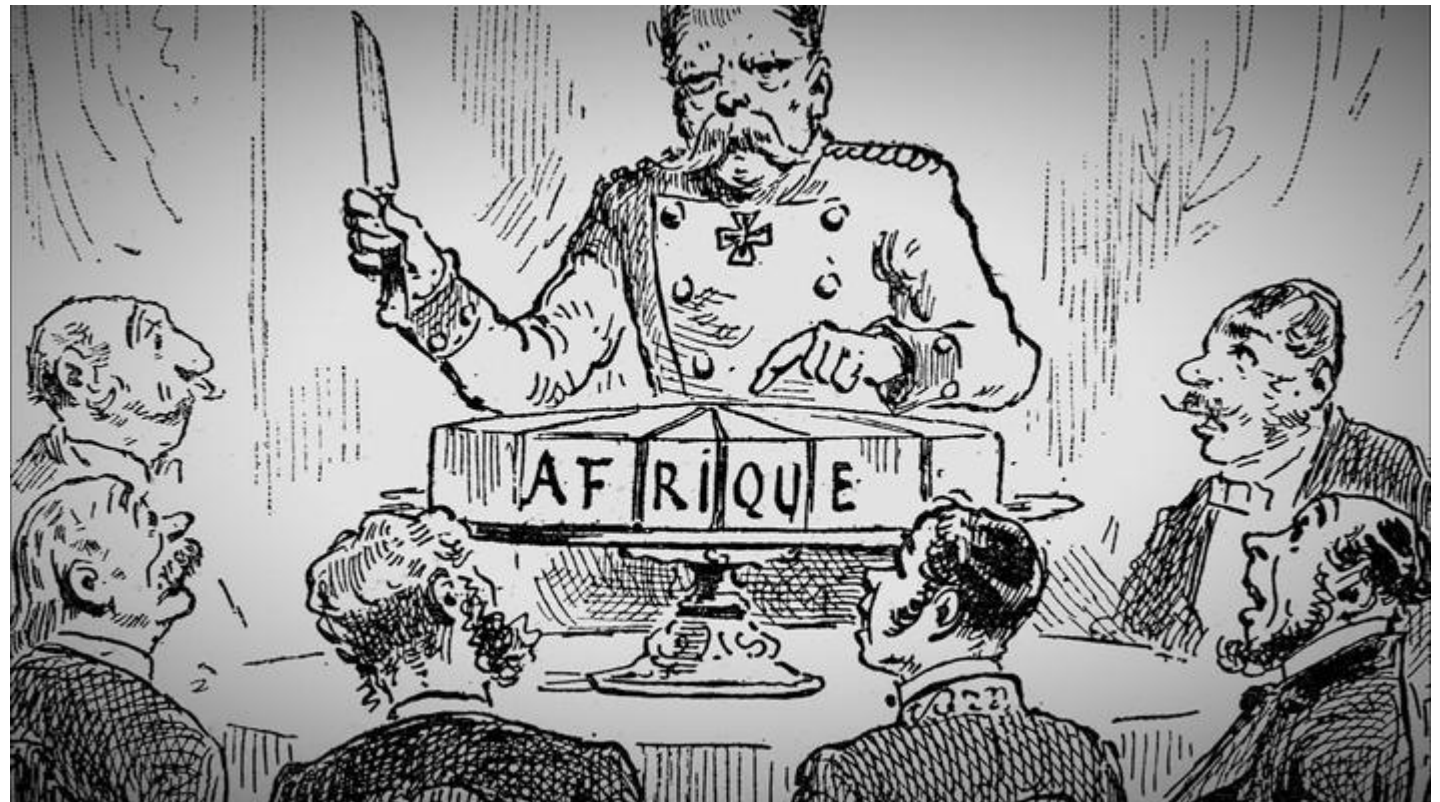
## ESTABLISHING BOUNDARIES

- **Define:** documentation of where the boundary is by listing geographic features of points of latitude and longitude
- Written in a treaty



## ESTABLISHING BOUNDARIES

- **Delimitation:**  
putting the  
boundary from a  
treaty on a map  
officially





# ESTABLISHING BOUNDARIES

- **Demarcation**: Once border has been written in a treaty and a map
- Physical barriers are constructed on the ground to mark border
  - Fence, walls, pillars, posts, signs, gap in trees



# ESTABLISHING BOUNDARIES

- **Administrative**: once border is demarcated both sides determine how border is run
- Immigration check points, militarized, undefended





# TYPES OF BOUNDARIES: GEOMETRIC

- Straight line
- Sometimes latitude or longitude
- No regard for physical features or cultural boundaries





# TYPES OF BOUNDARIES: PHYSICAL

Using natural features such as mountains, rivers, lakes, or deserts

EX:

- Lake Nyasa between Malawi & Mozambique
- Danube River is border for many European nations such as Serbia, Croatia, Hungary
- Miss. River is border of many US states
- Great Lakes between USA & Canada



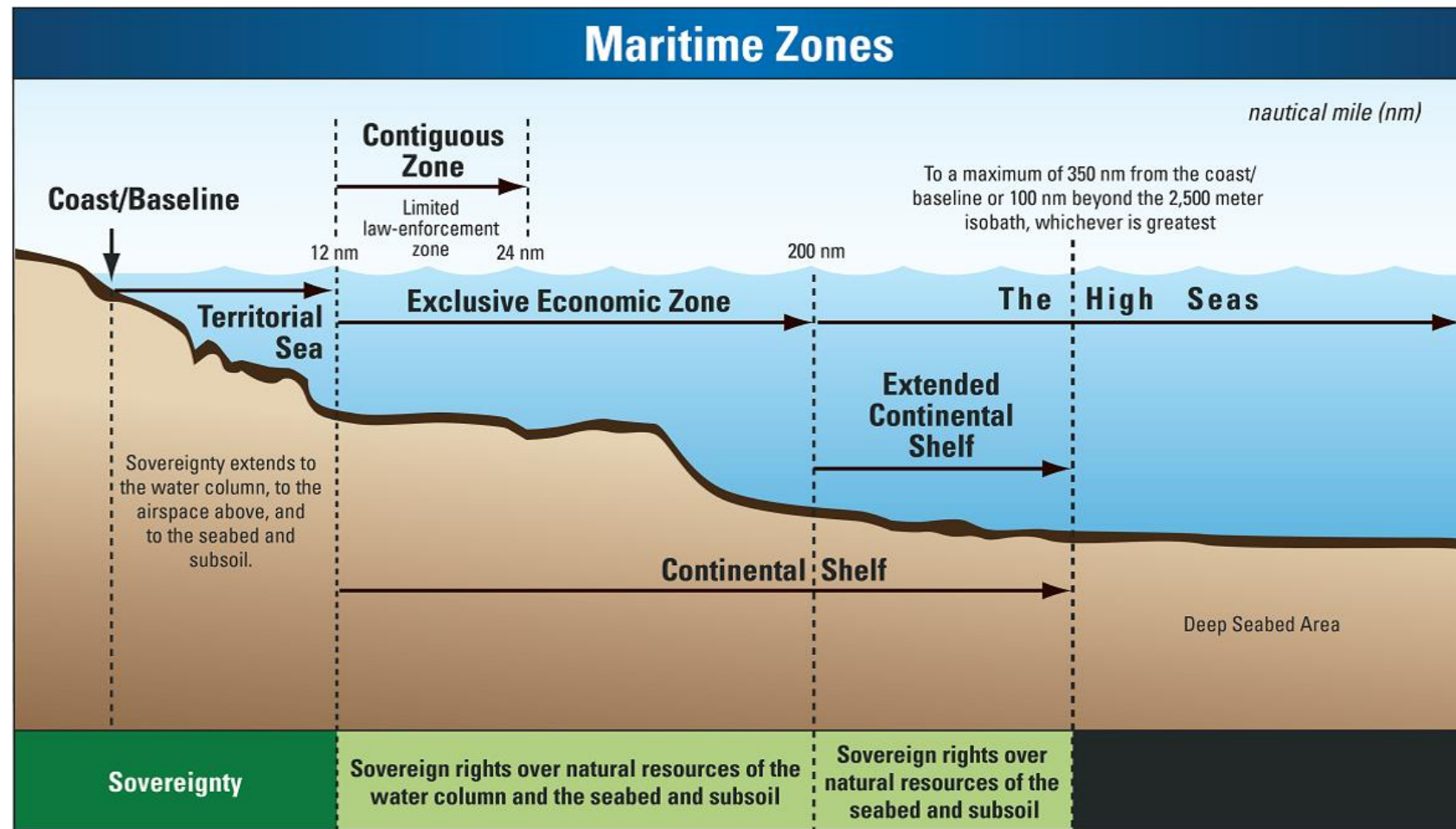
# TYPES OF BOUNDARIES: CULTURAL

- Based on human factors
  - Ex: ethnic groups
  - linguistic groups
  - Religious groups

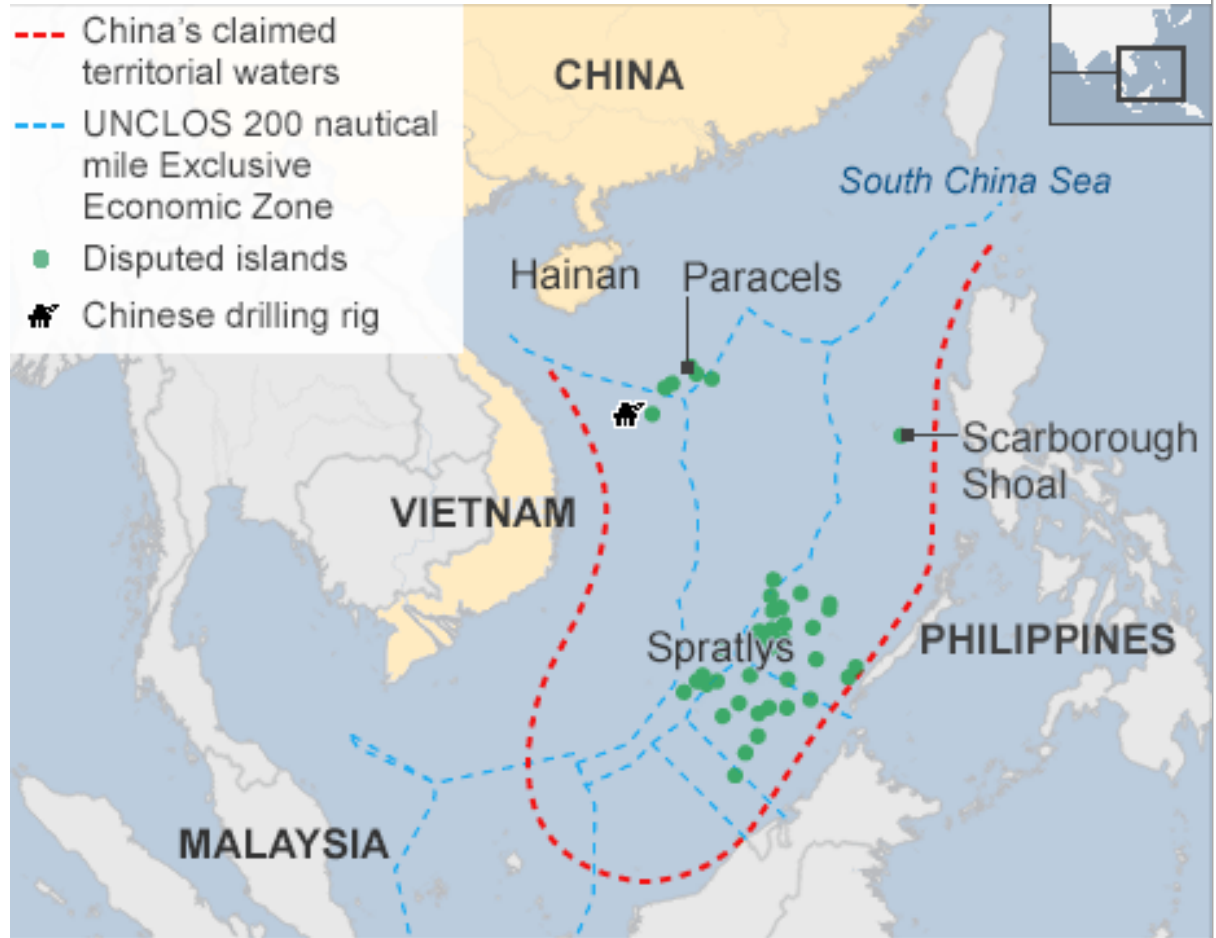


# MARITIME BORDERS

- Law of the Sea
- Exclusive Economic Zone
  - 200 nautical miles from coast
  - Exclusive rights to resources

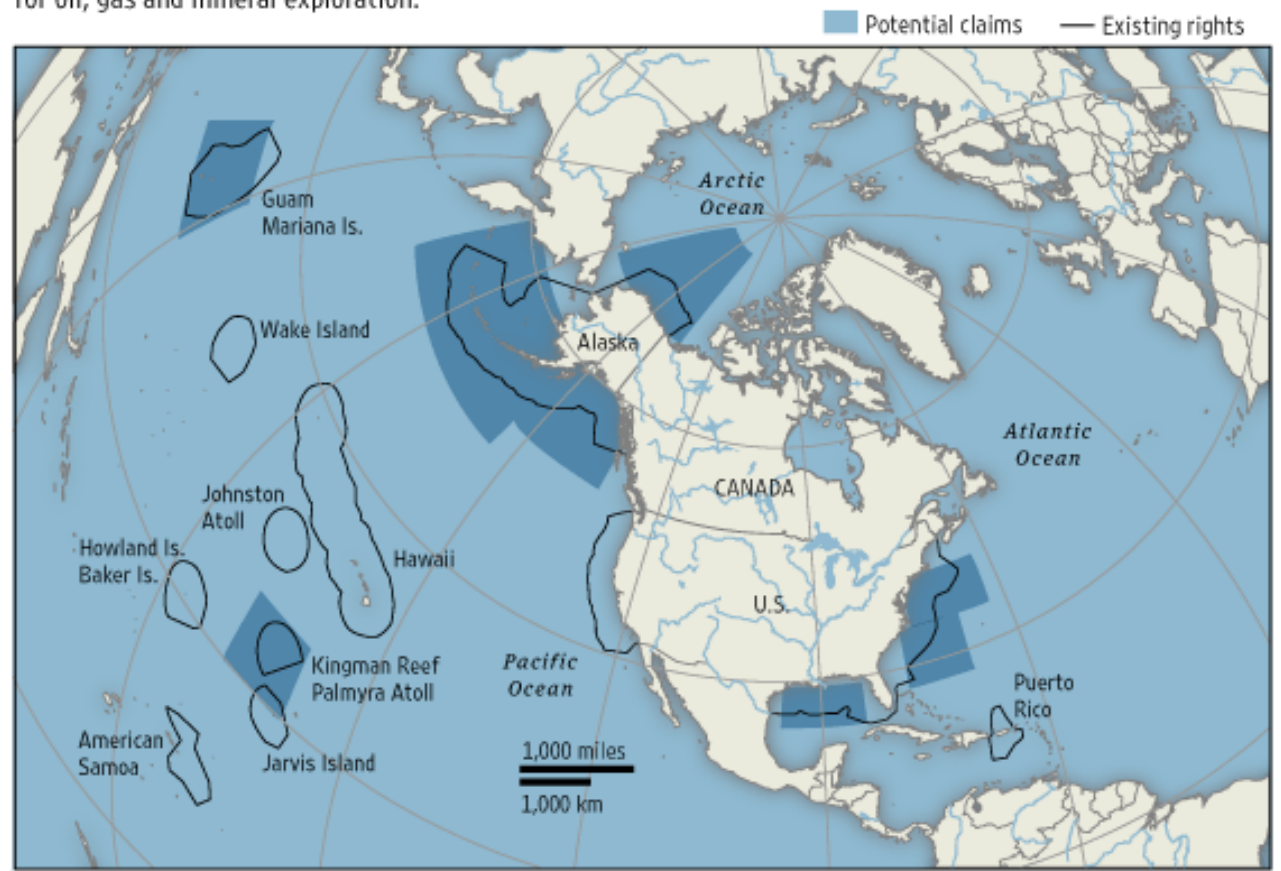






### The Next Frontier

By joining the Law of the Sea Treaty, the U.S. could claim an additional 291,000 square miles of seabed for oil, gas and mineral exploration.



Source: University of New Hampshire Center for Coastal and Ocean Mapping

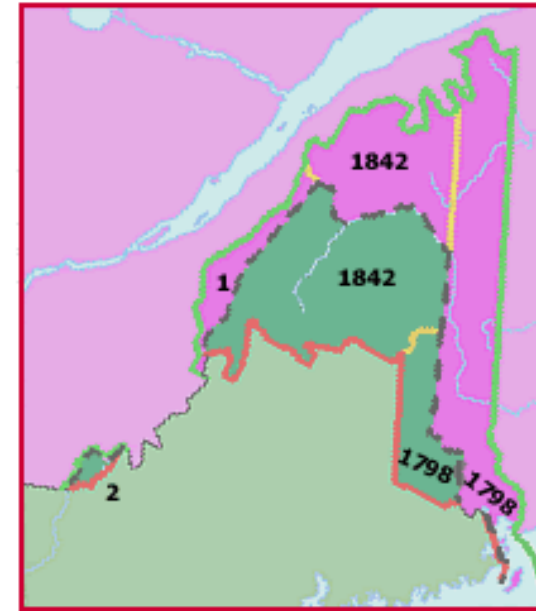
## SOUTH CHINA SEA DISPUTE

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=luTPMHC7zHY>

# BOUNDARY DISPUTE: DEFINITIONAL

- When border treaties are interpreted two different ways
- Examples:
  - Border between USA & Canada in Maine
  - Kuril Islands between Japan and Russia

## MAINE BOUNDARY DISPUTE, 1798-1842



- United States territory not in dispute
- British territory not in dispute
- Territory awarded to the United States
- Territory awarded to Britain
- Previously established
- British extreme claim
- United States extreme claim
- Interim proposals
- Final-compromise boundary

**1** Granted to USA 1831 and then to Britain 1842

**2** Granted to Britain 1831 and then to USA 1842





# KASHMIR BORDER DISPUTE

- Between India, Pakistan, and China





# BOUNDARY DISPUTE: TERRITORIAL

- When the border moves and states cannot agree upon the border,
- Example: a river changing course
  - Danube River between Croatia and Serbia
  - Brahmaputra River between Bangladesh and India



The Croatia–Serbia border dispute in the Bačka and Baranja area. The Croatian claim corresponds to the red line, while the Serbian claim corresponds to the course of Danube.

 Under Serbian control, claimed by Croatia  
 Under Croatian control though not claimed by Croatia or Serbia, belonging to the Free Republic of Liberland

# BOUNDARY DISPUTE: OPERATIONAL

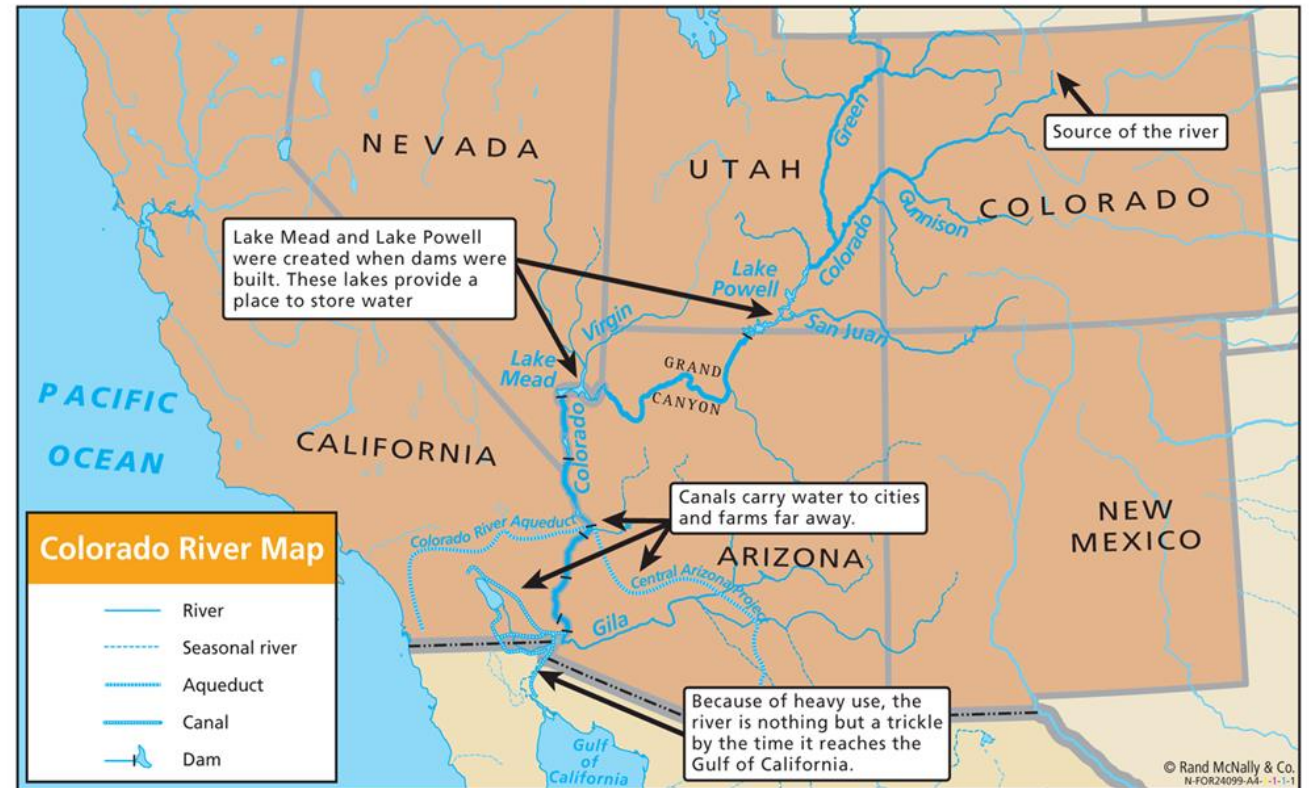
- Neighboring states cannot agree on policies that apply to border, esp. cross border migration
- EX:
  - USA & Mexico border



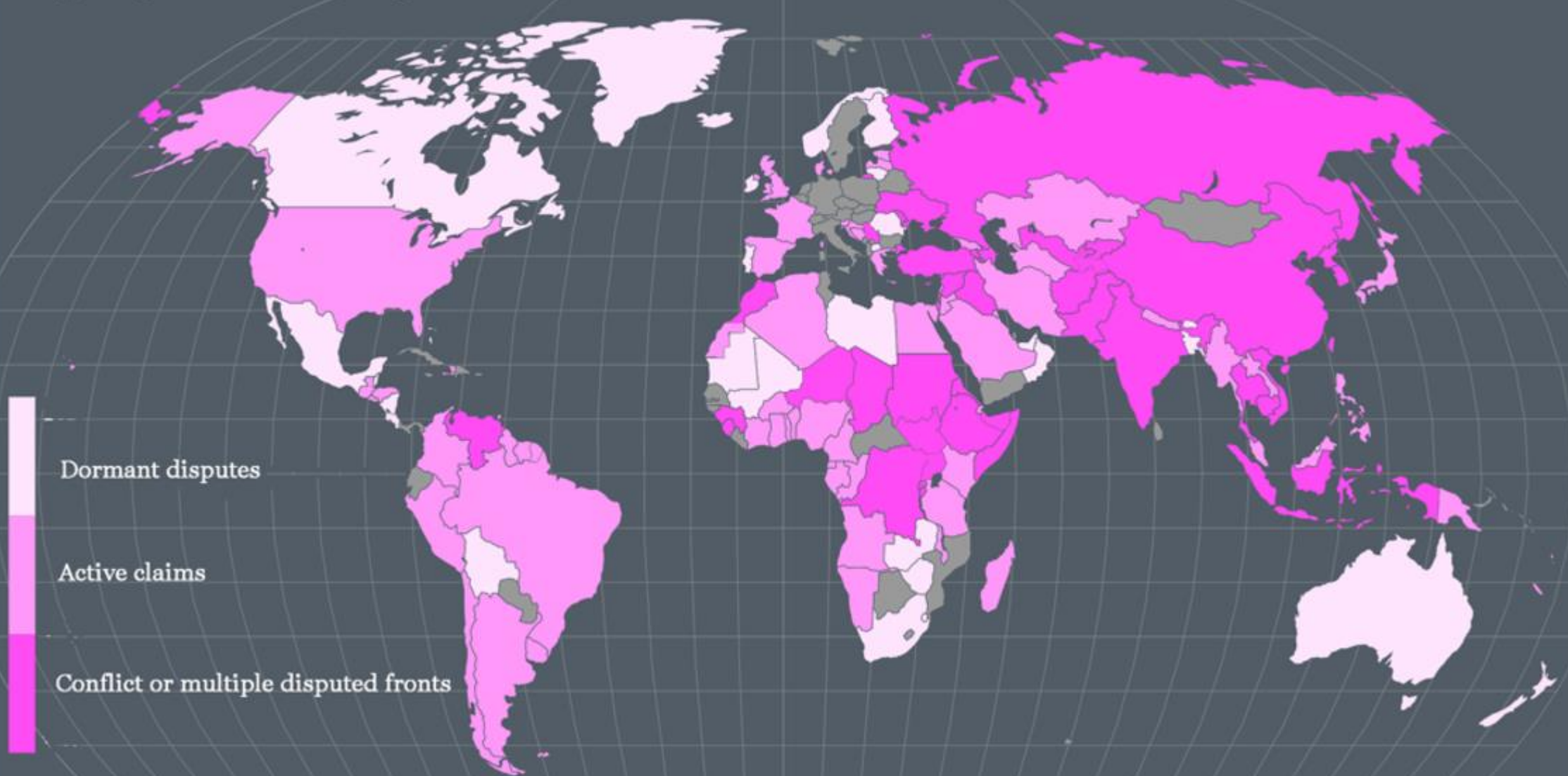


# BOUNDARY DISPUTE: ALLOCATIONAL

- Involves distribution of natural resources
- Oil, water
- Ex:
  - Colorado River
  - Oil in Iraq & Kuwait, Saudi Arabia & Yemen



# Ongoing territorial disputes



# USA-CANADA BORDER

- USA & Canada Border <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qMkYIIA7mgw>